

Information Sources on Ebola Virus Disease

General Public

U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)

- [Ebola Hemorrhagic Fever](#)
Ebola hemorrhagic fever (Ebola HF) is one of numerous Viral Hemorrhagic Fevers. It is a severe, often fatal disease in humans and nonhuman primates (such as monkeys, gorillas, and chimpanzees).

U.S. Department of State

- [Ebola Fact Sheet for Travelers](#)

University of Minnesota

Center for Infectious Disease Research and Policy (CIDRAP)

- [Infectious Disease Topic: Ebola](#)

World Health Organization (WHO)

- [Ebola virus disease \(EVD\)](#)
- [Fact Sheet on Ebola virus disease](#)
Ebola virus disease (formerly known as Ebola haemorrhagic fever) is a severe, often fatal illness, with a case fatality rate of up to 90%. It is one of the world's most virulent diseases.

International SOS

- [Ebola in West Africa](#)
The largest ever Ebola outbreak is underway in several countries in West Africa. The epidemic continues to grow and spread into new areas, threatening more lives and potentially the economies of affected countries.
- [Travel advice: For business travellers, organisations operating in affected countries, and organisations deploying staff to aid the Ebola response](#)

European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control

- [Ebola and Marburg fevers](#)
- [Outbreak of Ebola virus disease in West Africa](#), Third update, 1 August 2014



Articles/Interview

- [WHO seeks advice on use of untried Ebola drugs in West Africa](#)
News, Center for Infectious Disease Research and Policy (CIDRAP), University of Minnesota, August 6, 2014
- [Ebola: How Worried Should We Be? The threat in the developed world is minimal, and any infections that did occur could be easily isolated](#)
W. Ian Lipkin, Columbia University Mailman School of Public Health, *Wall Street Journal*, August 3, 2014
- [Weighing in on Ebola Outbreak](#)
News, Columbia University Mailman School of Public Health, August 6, 2014
Dr. Stephen Morse, professor of epidemiology at the Columbia University Mailman School of Public Health, appeared on MSNBC to discuss the likely reasons for this outbreak and the potential for vaccine development.