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**jail** - a local government's detention center where persons awaiting trial or those convicted of misdemeanors are confined.

[ASIS GDL PBS-2009]

**jamb** - the vertical components of a door frame.

[ASIS PSPSG 2007]

**jammer** - a radio frequency or audio frequency oscillator that interferes with the operation of an electronic audio surveillance system.

**jamming** - deliberate introduction of radio frequencies, electrical signals, or physical objects that are not normal operation of a circuit or device; 2) a secret attempt to bypass a circuit or device by using false signals.

**Java** - programming language created by Sun Microsystems that can run on any computer and is especially designed for network computing.

**jimmy proof** - pertaining to a lock having a bolt which interlocks with its strike.

[ASIS PSPSG 2007]

**jitter** - signal instability caused by changes to input power, mechanical anomalies, or circuitry.

**judge** - a public official authorized to decide questions brought before a court.

**judge advocate** - a military officer appointed to preside at military court-martials, his duties being to summon witnesses, administer oaths, record minutes of the proceedings, advise the court on points of law, and act as prosecutor. He also has the duty of protecting the accused by preventing him from answering questions which might incriminate him.

**judge pro tempore** - a judge who sits in lieu of a regularly appointed or elected judge, and who is appointed with full authority to hear all of the cases scheduled for and to exercise all functions of the regular judge.

**judgment** - a court's final determination of the rights and obligations of the parties in a case.

[ASIS GDL PBS-2009]

**judicial** - a term relating to a judgment or the function of judging or administering justice, especially within the branch of government that is charged with trying cases that involve the government or the administration of justice within its jurisdiction.

**judicial confession.** A confession made in a court proceeding such as an admission by a defendant while testifying.

**judicial decision** - a decision of the court. Judicial decisions of the courts are frequently referred to as the common law. The law enunciated by the authority of courts is also called case law and unwritten law.

**judicial knowledge** - knowledge of that which is so notorious that everybody, including judges, will know it and hence need not be proved.

**judicial notice** - the doctrine that a court will, of its own knowledge, assume certain facts to be true without the production of evidence in support of them. A court will usually take judicial notice of facts that are common knowledge.

**judicial officer** - any person exercising judicial powers in a court of law.

**jump out** - to bypass a portion or all of an alarm circuit.

**jumper** - a piece of metal or short length of wire used to temporarily connect two electrical points so as to bypass or close a circuit. Jumpers or jump wires are used by auto thieves and by persons who steal electric power.

**junction box** - an enclosure that contains terminals for joining wire runs in an electrical system. A main junction box is usually located near the central processing equipment in an alarm system.

**jurisdiction** - the limits or territory within which authority may be exercised.

**jury** - body of persons sworn to give a verdict on a matter submitted to them.

#### REFERENCE NOTE

The definition's source is cited in brackets [ ] following the definition.

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